

150 Years in the Life of Medieval Arabian Port Islamic Civilization and Muslim

The medieval Arabian port city of Islamic civilization and Muslim was a vibrant and cosmopolitan center of trade, culture, and religion. For over 150 years, it was a major hub of the Indian Ocean trade network, connecting the East and West. The city was also a center of Islamic learning and culture, and its scholars and artists made significant contributions to the development of Islamic civilization.



Aden and the Indian Ocean Trade: 150 Years in the Life of a Medieval Arabian Port (Islamic Civilization and Muslim Networks) by Roxani Eleni Margariti

★★★★★ 5 out of 5

Language : English
File size : 4029 KB
Text-to-Speech : Enabled
Screen Reader : Supported
Enhanced typesetting : Enabled
Print length : 360 pages



The City

The city was located on the southern coast of the Arabian Peninsula, on the Gulf of Aden. It was a natural harbor, protected from the open sea by a series of islands. The city was divided into two parts: the old city, which was located on the mainland, and the new city, which was located on an island. The old city was the original settlement, and it was home to the city's

markets, mosques, and other public buildings. The new city was built in the 12th century, and it was home to the city's palaces, gardens, and other elite residences.

The People

The city was home to a diverse population of Arabs, Persians, Indians, and Africans. The majority of the population was Muslim, but there were also significant Christian and Jewish communities. The city was also a center of learning, and it attracted scholars from all over the Islamic world. The city's population was estimated to be around 100,000 people at its peak.

The Economy

The city's economy was based on trade. The city was a major hub of the Indian Ocean trade network, and it traded with countries as far away as China and India. The city also exported its own products, such as textiles, spices, and perfumes. The city's economy was also supported by its fishing industry.

The Culture

The city was a center of Islamic learning and culture. The city's scholars and artists made significant contributions to the development of Islamic civilization. The city was also a center of music and literature. The city's poets and musicians were renowned throughout the Islamic world.

The Decline

The city began to decline in the 14th century. The city's economy was damaged by the Mongol invasions, and the city was also hit by a series of natural disasters. The city was eventually abandoned in the 16th century.

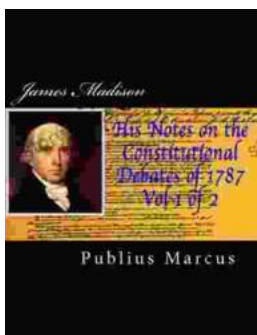
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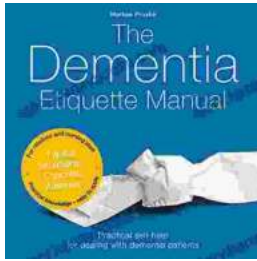
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